# Student Learning in Library Research Instruction for Critical Writing, Reading and Research I \& II 

## Assessment Report for Academic Year 2009-2010

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## Introduction

Serving as a model of the integration of library skills into the first-year core curriculum, Staley Library's research instruction program seeks to empower students to become information literate. The program is designed not only to teach information retrieval skills, but also the importance of the critical analysis and evaluation of information used in academic research and everyday life. The research instruction program assesses student learning through the use of a pre-test completed in IN150 and post-test in IN151. Results from academic year 2009-2010 show an increase in average scores from the pre- to the post-test, with significant improvement on individual questions. Modifications were made to the assessment content to improve clarity and bring the assessment up to date with current information literacy session activities. The assessment was also modified so that it could be administered in the class sessions via clickers, and as such, post-test completion rates were at an all time high. Overall, the student learning in the research instruction program continues to be strong.

## Goals

The research instruction program corresponds directly with CWRR learning outcome goal \#3: "Conduct research to participate in academic inquiry." The purpose of research instruction for CWRR is stated in Staley Library's four CWRR learning goals:

1. The student will identify the use and purpose of the Library's resources available via its web pages, including the differentiation between Library-provided resources and Internet resources.
2. The student will recognize what constitutes plagiarism through a discussion on how to avoid it, and how to cite sources.
3. The student will demonstrate an understanding of basic concepts of information retrieval and database function by successfully outlining a search strategy that demonstrates the ability to retrieve appropriate and relevant periodical articles, books, and Internet resources.
4. The student will demonstrate the application of evaluative criteria in the selection of information, regardless of source or format, through exercises that demonstrate their ability to differentiate resources.

These goals correspond with the University-wide learning goals:

1. Millikin students will prepare for professional success.
2. Millikin students will actively engage in the responsibilities of citizenship in their communities.
3. Millikin students will discover and develop a personal life of meaning and value.

The table below shows how Staley Library's learning goals relate to University-wide learning goals:

| Learning Goal | Corresponding MU Learning Goal <br> Number(s) |
| :--- | :--- |
| The student will identify the use and <br> purpose of the Library's resources <br> available via its web pages, including the <br> differentiation between Library-provided <br> resources and Internet resources. |  |
| The student will recognize what constitutes <br> plagiarism through a discussion on a how <br> to avoid it, and how to cite sources. |  |


| The student will demonstrate an <br> understanding of basic concepts of <br> information retrieval and database function <br> by successfully outlining a search strategy <br> that demonstrates the ability to retrieve |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| appropriate and relevant periodical articles, |  |
| books, and Internet resources. |  |$\quad$| 1,3 |
| :--- |
| The student will demonstrate the <br> application of evaluative criteria in the <br> selection of information, regardless of <br> source or format, through exercises that <br> demonstrate their ability to differentiate |
| resources. |

## Snapshot

The research and instruction librarians devote a majority of their instructional activities to the CWRR program. During the 2009-2010 academic year, the librarians conducted 98 sessions for in-sequence CWRR classes, and 10 sessions for the off-sequence sessions. For IN150, this includes one session per section. For IN151, research instruction is the equivalent of one week; this includes three sessions for MWF sections and 2 sessions for T/Th sections. Debbie Campbell coordinates the research instruction program, and shares in the instruction with librarians Cindy Fuller, Denise Green, Joe Hardenbrook, and Amanda Pippitt. The Instructional Services Coordinator, as with the other librarians, reports to the Library Director.

## The Learning Story

The Millikin student's introduction to college-level research begins in his/her first year through CWRR. The librarians play an integral part in preparing students to become information-savvy. Although most first-year students are what has popularly been termed "digital natives," their technology skills do not necessarily translate into well-developed information seeking skills. Anecdotal evidence shows that, like most college freshmen, those students entering Millikin display an over-reliance on using the free web for information, and do not critically evaluate the information that they do use. This is where the Research and Instruction Librarians come into play. The librarians introduce students to the library catalog, article databases, and web sites of academic quality through hands-on sessions, as well as classroom dialogue on plagiarism and how to evaluate different sources and types of information.

## Assessment Methods

The 2009-2010 academic year was the fourth complete year of data collected via a pre- and post-test. The assessment questions were modified for the 2009-2010 academic year, thus making direct question-toquestion comparison to results from previous years partially unavailable (See Appendices C \& D for more information). For the 09-10 academic year, the pre-test was administered via a quiz in Moodle before the students in IN150 met with a librarian, and the post-test data was collected during the library instruction sessions via clickers. Data from off-sequence and PACE CWRR sections was disregarded due to the small survey sample.

## Assessment Data

Information Literacy Skills Assessment (IN150 pre-test)

- Skills Assessment consisted of 16 questions. Results ( $\mathrm{n}=351$ ) from the Fall 2009 sections of IN150 show that the average score was $62 \%$. See Appendix A for a full list of results.

Information Literacy Assessment Quiz (IN151 post-test)

- Quiz consisted of 16 questions. Results ( $\mathrm{n}=$ varies by question) from the Spring 2010 sections of IN151 show that the average quiz score was $75 \%$. Students improved their score on average by $13 \%$ on the post-test, when compared with the pre-test overall. See Appendix A for a full list of results.


## Analysis of Assessment Results

From Spring 2006 through Spring 2009, the pre- and post-test questions had remained consistent (henceforth called the "Original Set"), but as of Spring 2009, some of the skills emphasized during library sessions were not being measured by an assessment question, and several questions assessed were no longer emphasized.

As a result, the pre and post-test questions were reviewed and modified during the summer of 2009 to better reflect the content covered/emphasized and the activities of the library's instruction program. The wording of questions was adapted to provide more clarity on questions which had historically confused students (Original Set \# 5 and \#2 were reworded, and Original Set questions \#1 \& \#8 were removed).

Due to falling completion rates on the Moodle based post-test assessment (traditionally completed by students outside of class time after their final library instruction session), for Spring 2010, the librarians chose to administer the post-test questions in-class during the last few minutes at the end of each library session, thus increasing completion rates and have a more accurate sample. In order to better fit the functionality of the Clickers as an assessment tool, some of the assessment questions were also modified for formatting- i.e. Original Set question \#4 was divided into Revision \#s1-3 since the Clickers cannot facilitate matching style questions.

This updated set of questions (henceforth called the "2009 revision") were first used for the Fall 2009Spring 2010 year. A full list of both sets of these questions and answers is available in Appendix F; for the data gathered from the 2009-2010 assessment data gathered from to the 2009 Revision questions, see Appendix A.

Summary of how the 2009 revision and the original set compare:
2009 Revision- Comparison to Original Set
Question 1- Original Set question 4 divided into three individual questions about necessary vocabulary.
Question 2- Original Set question 4 divided into three individual questions about necessary vocabulary.
Question 3- Original Set question 4 divided into three individual questions about necessary vocabulary.
Question 4- Original Set question \#2, updated and changed to have only 1 correct answer.
Question 5- Based on same content as Original Set question \#3 about the Online Catalog.
Question 6- Original Set question \#6 with no modification.
Question 7- Original Set question \#10 with no modification.
Question 8- Related to Original Set question \#7- changes sought to garner a better understanding of students' abilities to choose appropriate keywords.
Question 9- Original Set question \#9 with no modification.
Question 10- Original Set question \#10 with no modification.
Question 11- Original Set question \#11 with no modification.
Question 12- New question added to provide information on student's abilities to evaluate reliability of sources of information.
Question 13- Related to Original Set question \#5- rewording to aide in question clarity.
Question 14- Original Set question \#14 with no modification.
Question 15- New question added to foster thought about the proper time to record citation information.
Question 16- Original Set question \#9, with updates for currency.
For the 2009-2010 Academic year, overall from pre-test to post-test, students improved their scores on 13 questions (numbers $1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,10,12,15, \& 16$ ). Question number 13 demonstrated no change, while three questions (numbers $9,11, \& 14$ ) showed a decrease in correct responses from the pre- to the post-test. See Appendix A for a complete explanation of answers and percentages, and Appendix B for a graphical representation.

Between pre-test and post-test, students showed an average score increase of $13 \%$, with several individual questions showing a significant increase of greater than $10 \%$. These questions are listed in the following table.

| Question Number | Pre-Test <br> Percentage | Post-Test <br> Percentage | \% Increase |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 3 | $61 \%$ | $80 \%$ | $19 \%$ |
| 5 | $27 \%$ | $75 \%$ | $48 \%$ |
| 6 | $46 \%$ | $75 \%$ | $29 \%$ |
| 7 | $50 \%$ | $65 \%$ | $15 \%$ |
| 8 | $62 \%$ | $74 \%$ | $12 \%$ |
| 16 | $54 \%$ | $73 \%$ | $19 \%$ |

Although question \#4 showed improvement from pre-test to post-test, during the in-class Clicker assessment, many students vocalized confusion with the wording of this question, despite displaying an understanding of the process through the in-class activities. As such, if the traditional pre- and post-test are used for the 2010-2011 academic year, this question will need to be rewritten for clarity. With question \#14, during the in-class Clicker assessment, many students commented that they purposely chose the "funny answer," which was also the incorrect answer. The "funny factor" will need to be taken into consideration for future in-class assessments. See the "Improvements" section of this report for more information on future modifications to the CWRR Library Instruction program and assessment.

Grouping each of the quiz questions with the corresponding Staley Library learning goal(s) allows the librarians to measure the effectiveness of instruction. The ratings coincide with the CWRR Artifact Performance Indicators Scale (Based on Percents), with Nominal (Red-Stop) 0-52\%, Adequate(YellowCaution) 53-74\%, Excellent (Green-Go) 75-100\%.

| Learning Goal | Rationale | Rating |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 1. Library | Pre-Test: $56 \%$ (62\% removing question \#4) <br> Resources <br> (Qust-Test: 73\% (81\% removing question \#4) | Yellow <br> (Green) |
| Numbers: <br> $1,2,3,4,5,7)$ | When all questions for this section are averaged together they score <br> $73 \%$, if question \#4 is removed because of student confusion with the <br> wording as explained above, the average percentage for this goal <br> increases to 81\%. In the table above, three of the questions <br> associated with this goal showed greater than 10\% improvement <br> between pre-test and post-test. So despite the lower average percent <br> for this goal, the student improvement for these questions is <br> substantial. |  |
| 2. <br> Plagiarism/Citing <br> Sources | Pre-Test: $67 \%$ <br> Post-Test: $78 \%$ | Question 15 was added to the assessment to provide students with <br> the opportunity to think about timing in regards to the recording of <br> citation information, to make the citation process easier. |
| (Question <br> Numbers: 14, <br> $15,16)$ | Due to issues with the way the data gathered from the clickers and <br> Moodle can be compared, data from question \#14 is not included in <br> the percentage for this goal. |  |
| 3. Retrieval of <br> Information | Pre-Test: 42\% (46\% removing question \#4) <br> Post-Test: $64 \%$ (72\% removing question \#4) |  |
| (Question <br> Numbers: <br> $4,5,6,7,8)$ | When all questions for this section are averaged together they score <br> 64\%, if question \#4 is removed because of student confusion with the <br> wording as explained above, the average percentage for this goal |  |


|  | increases to 72\%. While still a percentage in the yellow range, as <br> shown in the table above, four of the questions associated with this <br> goal showed greater than 10\% improvement between pre-test and <br> post-test. So despite the lower average percent for this goal, the <br> student improvement for these questions is substantial. |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 4. Evaluation of <br> Information | Pre-Test: $65 \%$ <br> Post-Test: $76 \%$ | Green |
| Question <br> Numbers: <br> $6,9,10,11,12,13$, <br> $16)$ | As the second highest score among the four learning goals, the <br> students display a bettered understanding for evaluating the <br> information they find. As evidenced by the number of questions on <br> the assessment which support this goal, an understanding of the <br> evaluation of information is an important focus of library instruction. | Due to issues with the way the data gathered from the clickers and <br> Moodle can be compared, data from questions $11 \& 12$ are not <br> included in the percentage for this goal. |

The research instruction program now has five years worth of post-test data to analyze. Although each sample (i.e., freshmen class) is different, the average post-test scores do not differ greatly in our five years of data.

|  | Post-Test <br> Spring 2006 | Post-Test <br> Spring 2007 | Post-Test <br> Spring 2008 | Post-Test <br> Spring 2009 | Post-Test <br> Spring 2010 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Average | $12 / 15$ points | $11.4 / 15$ points | $11.43 / 15$ points | $11.15 / 15$ points | points not available |
| Score | $(80 \%)$ | $(76 \%)$ | $(76 \%)$ | $(74 \%)$ | $(75 \%)$ |

For a question-by-question comparison of the Spring 2006-Spring 2010 Post-Tests, see Appendix C and E. For a question-by-question comparison of the Fall 2006 - Fall 201 Pre-Tests, see Appendix D and E.

## Improvement Plans

The 2009 revisions to the pre and post-test questions helped to clear some confusion and update the content of the assessment to better fit the structure and activities of the library instruction sessions. The usage of clickers for the post-test increased the participation for the post-test as hoped, making the collected data a better representative sample of all IN 151 sections.

For the 2010-2011 academic year, the Library Instructional Services Coordinator will continue to collaborate primarily with the CWRR Director and the CWRR Assessment Team, and also with the CWRR faculty through discussions and meetings. During the Spring of 2010, the librarians began discussing the possibility of modifying the CWRR instruction sequence into a 2:2 session structure; the topic was brought up with the CWRR professors at the final CWRR meeting of Spring 2010. Throughout the next year, discussions about the modification of the sequence will be held, with any possible changes to content and structure occurring during the 2011-2012 academic year.

The questions used for the 2009 Revision of the pre- and post- test will be reviewed during the summer of 2010, both for clarity and to make sure they are properly assessing instruction. The possibility of a qualitative instead of quantitative (pre \& post test) type of assessment will also be discussed with all constituents, and may be piloted in a few sections next year.

The librarians continue to emphasize that giving credit for the library assignments and session attendance helps to reinforce the importance of the skills and concepts learned during library instruction activities.

The librarians are pleased with the strong foundation of collaboration that already exists with the CWRR program, and look forward to working with their CWRR colleagues again during the 2010-2011 academic year.

Appendix A
Academic Year 2008-2009 Staley Library CWRR Information Literacy Skills Assessment

| Number of <br> Questions | Possible <br> Points | Number of Participants <br> PRE-TEST <br> (IN150, Fall 2007) | Number of Participants <br> POST-TEST <br> (IN151, Spring 2008) | Average Score <br> PRE-TEST | Average Score <br> POST-TEST |
| ---: | :---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 16 | 361 | varied by question | $62 \%^{11}$ |  |  |

$\left.\begin{array}{|l|r|r|r|r|l|l|l|l|}\hline \text { Question 1: What is a CITATION? } \\ \hline \text { Choices (correct answers highlighted) } & \begin{array}{c}\text { Number of } \\ \text { Students Choosing } \\ \text { Each Answer } \\ \text { Choice } \\ \text { (PRE-TEST) }\end{array} & \begin{array}{c}\text { Number of } \\ \text { Students } \\ \text { Choosing Each } \\ \text { Answer Choice } \\ \text { (POST-TEST) }\end{array} & \begin{array}{c}\text { Percent of Students } \\ \text { Answering Entire } \\ \text { Question Correctly } \\ \text { (PRE-TEST) }\end{array} & \begin{array}{c}\text { Percent of Students } \\ \text { Answering Entire } \\ \text { Question Correctly } \\ \text { (POST-TEST) }\end{array} & \begin{array}{c}\text { Corresponding } \\ \text { Staley Library } \\ \text { Learning }\end{array} \\ \hline \text { Goals }\end{array}\right\}$

| Question 2: What does FULL TEXT mean? |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Choices (correct answers highlighted) | Number of Students Choosing Each Answer Choice (PRE-TEST) | Number of Students Choosing Each Answer Choice (POST-TEST) | Percent of Students Answering Entire Question Correctly (PRE-TEST) | Percent of Students Answering Entire Question Correctly (POST-TEST) | Corresponding Staley Library Learning Goals |
| Brief summary of an article. | - 23 | -16 |  |  | 1 |
| Use this to find a book on the shelf. | 18 | 8 |  |  |  |
| When the entire article you need is available online. | 294 | 348 | 84\% | 89\% |  |
| Requesting an item not owned by Staley Library. | 3 | 14 |  |  |  |
| The basic information about a source... | 9 | 7 |  |  |  |
| Totals | 351 | 393 |  |  |  |

${ }^{1}$ This total does not include the percentages for questions 11,13 , and 14 , as direct comparison rates for these three questions are not available.

| Question 3: What is an ABSTRACT? |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Choices (correct answers highlighted) | Number of Students Choosing Each Answer Choice (PRE-TEST) | Number of Students Choosing Each Answer Choice (POST-TEST) | Percent of Students Answering Entire Question Correctly (PRE-TEST) | Percent of Students Answering Entire Question Correctly (POST-TEST) | Corresponding Staley Library Learning Goals |
| Brief summary of an article. | 214 | 287 | 61\% | 80\% | 1 |
| Use this to find a book on the shelf. | 19 | 9 |  |  |  |
| When the entire article you need is available online. | 23 | 9 |  |  |  |
| Requesting an item not owned by Staley Library. | 70 | 26 |  |  |  |
| The basic information about a source... | 22 | 30 |  |  |  |
| Totals | 351 | 361 |  |  |  |

Question 4: Millikin Staley Library's Online Catalog DOES NOT contain information about finding:

| Choices (correct answers highlighted) | Number of Students Choosing Each Answer Choice (PRE-TEST) | Number of Students Choosing Each Answer Choice (POST-TEST) | Percent of Students Answering Entire Question Correctly (PRE-TEST) | Percent of Students Answering Entire Question Correctly (POST-TEST) | Corresponding Staley Library Learning Goals |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| CDs and videos | 198 | 135 |  |  | 1,3 |
| Articles | 92 | 107 | 26\% | 33\% |  |
| Books | 0 | 9 |  |  |  |
| Magazines, Journals, \& Newspapers | 58 | 78 |  |  |  |
| Totals | 351 | 329 |  |  |  |


| Question 5: In the Library's Online Catalog, what type of search lets you combine search terms with the words "and, or, not"? |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Choices (correct answers highlighted) | Number of Students Choosing Each Answer Choice <br> (PRE-TEST)) | Number of Students Choosing Each Answer Choice (POST-TEST) | Percent of Students Answering Entire Question Correctly (PRE-TEST) | Percent of Students Answering Entire Question Correctly (POST-TEST) | Corresponding Staley Library Learning Goals |
| Author search | 7 | 10 |  |  | 1, 3 |
| Any Word Anywhere search | 141 | 49 |  |  |  |
| Boolean search | 96 | 243 | 27\% | 75\% |  |
| Title search | 100 | 23 |  |  |  |
| Totals | 351 | 325 |  |  |  |

Question 6: Choose one statement that is NOT TRUE about Scholarly Articles.

| Choices (correct answers highlighted) | Number of Students Choosing Each Answer Choice (PRE-TEST) | Number of Students Choosing Each Answer Choice (POST-TEST) | Percent of Students Answering Entire Question Correctly (PRE-TEST) | Percent of Students Answering Entire Question Correctly (POST-TEST) | Corresponding Staley Library Learning Goals |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Scholarly journals contain references or a wo... | 29 | 12 |  |  | 3, 4 |
| Scholarly journals are written for an informed audience. | 41 | 22 |  |  |  |
| Scholarly journals are published only a few times a year. | 115 | 45 |  |  |  |
| Scholarly journals contain short articles written by reporters/journalists. | 160 | 327 | 46\% | 75\% |  |
| Totals | 351 | 316 |  |  |  |


| Question 7: Your professor gave you an assignment to find journal articles about global warming. What should you do? (choose one). |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Choices (correct answers highlighted) | Number of Students Choosing Each Answer Choice <br> (PRE-TEST) | Number of Students Choosing Each Answer Choice (POST-TEST) | Percent of Students Answering Entire Question Correctly (PRE-TEST) | Percent of Students Answering Entire Question Correctly (POST-TEST) | Corresponding Staley Library Learning Goals |
| Search a database for journal articles about global warming. | 174 | 221 | 50\% | 65\% | 1, 3 |
| Search Staley Library's Online Catalog. | 121 | 80 |  |  |  |
| Browse the journals in the current periodicals... | 24 | 25 |  |  |  |
| Use an internet search engine (such as Google or Yahoo) | 29 | 13 |  |  |  |
| Totals | 351 | 339 |  |  |  |

Question 8: You are asked to write a three-page research paper on the following question: "Should colleges be allowed to restrict student speech?" You have decided to enter two keywords into a Web search engine (Google). Which two keywords will get the best results?

| Choices (correct answers highlighted) | Number of Students Choosing Each Answer Choice (PRE-TEST) | Number of Students Choosing Each Answer Choice (POST-TEST) | Percent of Students Answering Entire Question Correctly (PRE-TEST) | Percent of Students Answering Entire Question Correctly (POST-TEST) | Corresponding Staley Library Learning Goals |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| college and censorship | 218 | 200 | 62\% | 74\% | 3 |
| college and student | 5 | 8 |  |  |  |
| college and speech | 76 | 34 |  |  |  |
| college and restriction | 49 | 29 |  |  |  |
| Totals | 351 | 271 |  |  |  |


| Question 9: The website www.feedthechildren.org likely belongs to a: (choose one). |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Choices (correct answers highlighted) | Number of Students Choosing Each Answer Choice <br> (PRE-TEST) | Number of Students Choosing Each Answer Choice (POST-TEST) | Percent of Students Answering Entire Question Correctly (PRE-TEST) | Percent of Students Answering Entire Question Correctly (POST-TEST) | Corresponding Staley Library Learning Goals |
| Commercial or for-profit business. | 24 | 18 |  |  | 4 |
| U.S. government agency | 14 | 16 |  |  |  |
| Non-profit organization. | 303 | 203 | 86\% | 82\% |  |
| Educational Institution | 6 | 11 |  |  |  |
| Totals | 351 | 248 |  |  |  |


| Question 10: Say you are writing a paper about gun violence, and you use information from the National Rifle Association (NRA) website, www.nra.org. In this example, which website evaluation criterion do you need to pay attention to the most? (choose one). |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Choices (correct answers highlighted) | Number of Students Choosing Each Answer Choice (PRE-TEST) | Number of Students Choosing Each Answer Choice (POST-TEST) | Percent of Students Answering Entire Question Correctly (PRE-TEST) | Percent of Students Answering Entire Question Correctly (POST-TEST) | Corresponding Staley Library Learning Goals |
| Currency/timeliness | 39 | 14 |  |  | 4 |
| Bias/objectivity/accuracy | 288 | 221 | 82\% | 88\% |  |
| Functionality of the website | 13 | 11 |  |  |  |
| Number of visitors to the website | 7 | 6 |  |  |  |
| Totals | 351 | 252 |  |  |  |


| Question 11: Let's say you are looking for CURRENT information on U.S. gasonline prices, which TWO sources would be the best? (choose two). |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Choices (correct answers highlighted) | Number of Students Choosing Each Answer Choice (PRE-TEST) | Number of Students Choosing Each Answer Choice (POST-TEST) | Percentage of INCORRECT ANSWERS chosen (PRE-TEST) | Percentage of INCORRECT <br> ANSWERS chosen (POST-TEST) | Corresponding Staley Library Learning Goals |
| Encyclopedia | 10 | 5 |  |  | 4 |
| Journal Article | 39 | 37 |  |  |  |
| Book | 9 | 7 |  |  |  |
| Newspaper Article | 317 | 183 |  |  |  |
| Internet | 307 | 160 |  |  |  |
| Totals | 351 | 391 | 9\% ${ }^{2}$ | 13\% ${ }^{2}$ |  |

${ }^{2}$ For questions 11, 13, and 14- due to a discrepancy in how Moodle and the Clickers record data for questions with multiple correct answers, the percentage represented in this table is the percentage of total incorrect answers / total number of answers given per question.

Question 12: You are writing a report on automobile tires and safety. You have found several sources. Which would be the most trustworthy because of the likelihood of having unbiased, factual information?

| Choices (correct answers highlighted) | Number of Students Choosing Each Answer Choice (PRE-TEST) | Number of Students Choosing Each Answer Choice (POST-TEST) | Percent of Students Answering Entire Question Correctly (PRE-TEST) | Percent of Students Answering Entire Question Correctly (POST-TEST) | Corresponding Staley Library Learning Goals |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Report from an automobile manufacturer association | 114 | 48 |  |  | 4 |
| Survey from a tire company | 24 | 32 |  |  |  |
| Article in a consumer reporting magazine | 201 | 163 | 57\% | 64\% |  |
| Article in a sports magazine | 9 | 12 |  |  |  |
| Totals | 351 | 255 |  |  |  |


| Question 13: Encyclopedias and other reference works (including wikipedia.org) are useful because they often provide: (choose all that apply) |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Choices (correct answers highlighted) | Number of Students Choosing Each Answer Choice (PRE-TEST) | Number of Students Choosing Each Answer Choice (POST-TEST) | Percentage of INCORRECT ANSWERS chosen (PRE-TEST) | Percentage of INCORRECT ANSWERS chosen (POST-TEST) | Corresponding Staley Library Learning Goals |
| A bibliography or a list of additional resources... | 238 | 146 |  |  | 4 |
| An overview of the topic, including background information... | 284 | 157 |  |  |  |
| Entries written by the foremost expert on the topic in the world. | 73 | 35 |  |  |  |
| All of the possible information about a topic. | 79 | 53 |  |  |  |
| Totals | 674 | 391 | 23\% ${ }^{2}$ | 23\% ${ }^{2}$ |  |


| Choices (correct answers highlighted) | Number of Students Choosing Each Answer Choice <br> (PRE-TEST) | Number of Students Choosing Each Answer Choice (POST-TEST) | Number of INCORRECT ANSWERS chosen (PRE-TEST) | Number of INCORRECT <br> ANSWERS chosen (POST-TEST) | Corresponding Staley Library Learning Goals |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| When you copy a whole paragraph from the article. | 275 | 238 |  |  | 2 |
| When you write it over in your own words. | 203 | 193 |  |  |  |
| When you quote one sentence from the article. | 322 | 245 |  |  |  |
| None of these. | 13 | 41 | 2\% ${ }^{2}$ | 6\% ${ }^{2}$ |  |
| Totals. | 813 | 717 | 13 | 41 |  |


| Question 15: When is the BEST time in the research process to record the citation information for a source? |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Choices (correct answers highlighted) | Number of Students Choosing Each Answer Choice (PRE-TEST) | Number of Students Choosing Each Answer Choice (POST-TEST) | Percent of Students Answering Entire Question Correctly (PRE-TEST) | Percent of Students Answering Entire Question Correctly (POST-TEST) | Corresponding Staley Library Learning Goals |
| The first time you access a source you might want to use. | 278 | 207 | 79\% | 83\% | 2 |
| After you have finished writing the section of the paper that uses information from a source. | 58 | 18 |  |  |  |
| When the teacher asks for proof that you did not plagiarize the information in the paper. | 6 | 19 |  |  |  |
| When you are getting ready to print your final draft. | 5 | 5 |  |  |  |
| Totals | 351 | 249 |  |  |  |


| Question 16: What type of material is the following citation (choose one type) Purnell-Webb, Patricia and Craig P. Speelman. "Effects of Music on Memory for Text." Perceptual \& Motor Skills 106.3 (2008):927-957. |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Choices (correct answers highlighted) | Number of Students Choosing Each Answer Choice (PRE-TEST) | Number of Students Choosing Each Answer Choice (POST-TEST) | Percent of Students Answering Entire Question Correctly (PRE-TEST) | Percent of Students Answering Entire Question Correctly (POST-TEST) | Corresponding Staley Library Learning Goals |
| It is a book. | 108 | 65 |  |  | 2, 4 |
| It is a journal article. | 190 | 236 | 54\% | 73\% |  |
| It is a newspaper article. | 42 | 11 |  |  |  |
| It is a video. | 7 | 13 |  |  |  |
| Totals | 351 | 325 |  |  |  |

Appendix B
This chart shows the comparison between the Pre-Test and Post-Test for the 2009-2010 academic year. The pre-test was administered via Moodle (Fall 2009) before the students attended any library sessions, and the Post-Test was administered (Spring 2010) via Clickers at the end of the corresponding library session.

AY 2009-2010 Information Literacy Pre- and Post-Test Scores

*For questions 11, 13, and 14- due to a discrepancy in how Moodle and the Clickers record data for questions with multiple correct answers, the data represented in the chart for these questions is the percentage of total incorrect answers / total number of answers given per question.

The questions asked in the Pre and Post-Test for 2009-2010 were modified; some questions were unchanged from the previous version of the assessment (Original Set, 2006-09), so for those questions, comparative data is provided in the following chart.


While the wording of the questions remained the same, the question number changed. The Question numbers in the chart above correspond to the 2010 numbering. The explanation below shows how these question numbers correspond with the original 2006-2009 assessment.

Question 6 (2009-10) = Question 6 (2006-09): Choose one statement that is NOT TRUE about Scholarly... Question 16 (2009-10) = Question 9 (2006-09): What type of material is the following citation?...
Question 7 (2009-10) = Question 10 (2006-09): Your professor gave you an assignment to find journal... Question 9 (2009-10) = Question 12 (2006-09): The website www.feedthechildren.org likely belongs to... Question 10 (2009-10) = Question 13 (2006-09): Say you are writing a paper about gun violence...

The questions asked in the Pre and Post-Test for 2009-2010 were modified; some questions were unchanged from the previous version of the assessment (Original Set, 2006-09), so for those questions, comparative data is provided in the following chart.


While the wording of the questions remained the same, the question number changed. The Question numbers in the chart above correspond to the 2010 numbering. The explanation below shows how these question numbers correspond with the original 2006-2009 assessment.

Question 6 (2009-10) = Question 6 (2006-09): Choose one statement that is NOT TRUE about Scholarly... Question 16 (2009-10) = Question 9 (2006-09): What type of material is the following citation?...
Question 7 (2009-10) = Question 10 (2006-09): Your professor gave you an assignment to find journal... Question 9 (2009-10) = Question 12 (2006-09): The website www.feedthechildren.org likely belongs to... Question 10 (2009-10) = Question 13 (2006-09): Say you are writing a paper about gun violence...

## Appendix E

Since the clickers do not allow for Matching-type questions, Original Set question \#4 was divided out into 2009 Revision questions \#1, 2, \& 3 (questions asking about the definitions for Call Number and Interlibrary Loan were not included in the revision, since pre-test rates had consistently been high). Since the same content was asked, but just in varying format, these charts allow for the comparison of the pre and post-test data.



Original Set question \#2 was reworded to become 2009 Revision question \#4. This question was modified so that students would now choose which items the library online catalog DOES NOT contain information for finding ( instead of all it DOES contain information for finding- as it was worded in the Original Set). Since the question asks for the same data in a different format, the questions were not immediately correlatable. The charts below serve to make that comparison.

This chart shows the answers selected on the pre-and post test from 2007-2009 (DOES contain question format).


This chart shows the answers selected on the pre- and post test from 2009-2010 (DOES NOT contain question format).


This chart converts the original data from 2007-2009 into the DOES NOT contain question format, thus making the data comparable. The number of student choosing the correct answer for this question, "The Library's Online Catalog does not contain information for finding Articles" is displayed below.


For the current year, 2009-2010:
In the Fall Pre-Test, 26 percent of students answered this question correctly.
For the Spring Post-Test, 33 percent of students answered correctly.

## Original Set

1. Books in Millikin University's Staley Library are organized by: (choose one)
a. Author
b. Title
c. Subject
d. Color
2. MILLINET, the Millikin University Library catalog, contains records for: (choose all that apply)
a. CDs, Videos
b. Books
c. Journals, Magazines, Newspapers
d. Individual Articles
3. In MILLINET, the Millikin University Library catalog, which of the following is the best search to find books written by Willa Cather? (choose one)
a. "Any Word Anywhere" search
b. "Browse Author" search
c. "Journal/Magazine Title" search
d. "Boolean" search
4. Match the following terms to the definitions: a.) abstract b.) citation c.) interlibrary loan d.) full text e.) call number. (Note: partial credit allowed.)
a. Brief summary of an article - A
b. Basic information about a source - $B$
c. Requesting items not owned by Staley Library - C
d. The entire article is available online from a database. - $D$
e. Use this to find a book on the shelf in the library. - $E$
5. An encyclopedia: (choose one)
a. Can give you all possible information on the subject your are researching
b. Is useful for getting background and introductory information on a topic
c. Should only be consulted after you have looked at other resources
d. Never includes a bibliography or a list of additional resources for further reading
6. All of the following apply to scholarly journals, EXCEPT: (choose one)
a. Scholarly journals contain references or a works cited list
b. Scholarly journals are written for an informed, knowledgeable audience
c. Scholarly journals are often published only a few times a year
d. Scholarly journals contain short articles written by journalists
7. Say you need to do research on the topic drug problems among athletes. Your first step is to identify some keywords that will help you search for information. Which of the following is NOT a good keyword to get useful results? (choose one)
a. drugs
b. athletes
c. steroids
d. problems
e. sports
8. The library periodical databases are freely accessible on the web to anyone from anywhere. True or False? (choose one)
a. True
b. False
9. What type of material is the following citation? Katz, Marco. "Salsa Criticism at the Turn of the Century: Identity Politics and Authenticity." Popular Music and Society 28 (2005): 35-54. (choose one)
a. It is a book
b. It is a journal article
c. It is a newspaper article
d. It is music recording
10. Your professor gives you an assignment to find journal articles about global warming. What should you do? (choose one)
a. Search a library periodicals database for journal articles about global warming
b. Browse the journals in the current periodicals section of the library until you come across an article about global warming
c. Search MILLINET, the Library catalog
d. Use an Internet search engine (such as Google or Yahoo)
11. If you were looking for current information on U.S. gasoline prices, which TWO sources would be the best? (choose two)
a. encyclopedia
b. book
c. journal article
d. newspaper article
e. internet
12. The website www.feedthechildren.org/ likely belongs to a: (choose one)
a. Commercial or for-profit business
b. U.S. government agency
c. Non-profit Organization
d. Educational institution
13. Say you are writing a paper about gun violence and you use information from the National Rifle Association (NRA) website. In this example, which website evaluation criterion do you need to pay attention to the most? (choose one)
a. Bias/Objectivity/Accuracy
b. Currency/Timeliness
c. Functionality/Website easy to navigate
d. The website's domain (does the web address end in .com, .org, .edu, .net)
14. Suppose you are writing a paper and you read an article on your topic that you want to include in your paper. In which of the following scenarios would you cite the article? (choose all that apply)
a. When you copy a whole paragraph from the article
b. When you write it over in your own words
c. When you quote one sentence from the article
d. None of the above
15. Is there anything that the librarian or the online tutorials didn't discuss that you would have liked to learn about? Is there anything you would change about the research instruction sessions? What was the one thing that you found most helpful (this could be something taught by the librarian, learned in the online tutorial, etc...)

## 2009 Revision

1. What is a CITATION?
a. Brief summary of an article.
b. Use this to find a book on the shelf.
c. When the entire article you need is available online.
d. Requesting an item not owned by Staley Library
e. The basic information about a source.
2. What does FULL TEXT mean?
a. Brief summary of an article.
b. Use this to find a book on the shelf.
c. When the entire article you need is available online.
d. Requesting an item not owned by Staley Library
e. The basic information about a source.
3. What is an ABSTRACT?
a. Brief summary of an article.
b. Use this to find a book on the shelf.
c. When the entire article you need is available online.
d. Requesting an item not owned by Staley Library
e. The basic information about a source.
4. What type of material is the following citation (choose one type) Purnell-Webb, Patricia and Craig P. Speelman. "Effects of Music on

Memory for Text." Perceptual \& Motor Skills 106.3 (2008):927-957.
a. It is a book.
b. It is a journal article.
c. It is a newspaper article.
d. It is a video.
5. You are asked to write a three-page research paper on the following question: "Should colleges be allowed to restrict student speech?" You have decided to enter two keywords into a Web search engine (Google). Which two keywords will get the best results?
a. college and censorship
b. college and student
c. college and speech
d. college and restriction
6. Millikin Staley Library's Online Catalog DOES NOT contain information about finding (choose one):
a. CDs and videos
b. Articles
c. Books
d. Magazines, Journals, \& Newspapers
7. In the Library's Online Catalog, what type of search lets you combine search terms with the words "and, or, not"?
a. Author search
b. Any Word Anywhere search
c. Boolean search
d. Title search
8. Choose one statement that is NOT TRUE about Scholarly Articles.
a. Scholarly journals contain references or a works cited
b. Scholarly journals are written for an informed audience.
c. Scholarly journals are published only a few times a year.
d. Scholarly journals contain short articles written by reporters/journalists.
9. Your professor gave you an assignment to find journal articles about global warming. What should you do? (choose one).
a. Search a database for journal articles about global warming.
b. Search Staley Library's Online Catalog.
c. Browse the journals in the current periodicals section of the library until you find an article about global warming.
d. Use an internet search engine (such as Google or Yahoo).
10. The website www.feedthechildren.org likely belongs to a: (choose one).
a. Commercial or for-profit business.
b. U.S. government agency.
c. Non-profit organization.
d. Educational Institution
11. Say you are writing a paper about gun violence, and you use information from the National Rifle Association (NRA) website, www.nra.org. In this example, which website evaluation criterion do you need to pay attention to the most?
(choose one).
a. Currency/timeliness
b. Bias/objectivity/accuracy.
c. Functionality of the website.
d. Number of visitors to the website.
12. Let's say you are looking for CURRENT information on U.S. gasoline prices, which TWO sources would be the best?
(choose two).
a. Encyclopedia
b. Journal Article
c. Book
d. Newspaper Article
e. Internet
13. Encyclopedias and other reference works (including wikipedia.org) are useful because they often provide: (choose all that apply)
a. A bibliography or a list of additional resources for further reading.
b. An overview of the topic, including background and introductory information.
c. Entries written by the foremost expert on the topic in the world.
d. All of the possible information about a topic.
14. You are writing a report on automobile tires and safety. You have found several sources.

Which would be the most trustworthy because of the likelihood of having unbiased, factual information?
a. Report from an automobile manufacturer association.
b. Survey from a tire company.
c. Article in a consumer reporting magazine.
d. Article in a sports magazine.
15. Suppose you are writing a paper and you read an article on your topic that you want to include in your paper.

In which of the following scenarios would you cite the article? (choose all that apply).
a. When you copy a whole paragraph from the article.
b. When you write it over in your own words.
c. When you quote one sentence from the article.
d. None of these.
16. When is the BEST time in the research process to record the citation information for a source?
a. The first time you access a source you might want to use.
b. After you have finished writing the section of the paper that uses information from a source.
c. When the teacher asks for proof that you did not plagiarize the information in the paper.
d. When you are getting ready to print you final draft.

